

THE WRITER — Rom 1:1

June 4, 2023

INTRODUCTION

1. **Who?** Who was it written by and who was it written to?
2. **What?** What is this letter about?
3. **Why?** Why was this letter written? What is the occasion of its writing?
4. **Where?** Where was it written from?
5. **When?** When was this letter written?

Working Outline:

- I. Introduction — 1:1-17
- II. Justification Needed — 1:18-3:20
- III. Justification Applied — 3:21-4:25
- IV. Justification's Benefit — 5:1-11
- V. Justification's Provision — 5:12-21
- VI. Justification Defended — 6-7
- VII. Justification's Result — 8
- VIII. Justification's Expanse. 9-11
- IX. Justification's Display. 12-16

I. HIS NAME — Paul.

A. The Name "Paul."

B. Its Appearance in the Bible. (Acts 13:9)

C. Paul's Background and History.

1. Autobiographical Statements. (Acts 22:3-5; 26:4-5; Phil 3:4-6)
 - a) He is a Jew. Acts 22:3; 26:4; Phil 3:5
 - b) He was born in Tarsus of Cilicia; the diaspora. Acts 22:3
 - c) He was raised as a Jew. Phil 3:4 "circumcised the 8th day"
 - d) His family comes from the tribe of Benjamin; just like his name sake. Phil 3:5
 - e) He spent his youth in Jerusalem. Acts 26:4
 - f) He was trained by the great teacher Gamaliel. Acts 22:3
 - g) He was trained in the Law of his fathers. Acts 22:3
 - h) He was well known in Jerusalem. Acts 26:4-5
 - i) He was a Pharisee. Acts 26:5; Phil 3:5
 - j) He was zealous for the Law, even persecuting Christians. Acts 22:4; Phil 3:6
2. Historical Statements. (Acts 9; 13-28)

II. HIS POSITION — Servant.

- A. What Is A "Servant"?
- B. His Master — Jesus Christ.
- C. Being A Servant Is Part of the Christian Identity.
- D. What Are The Implications of Being a Slave?